Monday 30th March 2020

9.00 – 9.30	Joe Wicks P.E. Video
9.30 – 10.00	Water and Recover
10.00 - 11.00	Maths
11.00 - 11.30	Break
11.30 - 12.30	English
12.30 - 1.30	Lunch
1.30 - 2.30	R.E.
2.30 - 3.30	Free Reading using Reading Record

Maths

Its another test! Sorry! At this stage in the year, we do spend a lot of time consolidating and practicing the skills that we have acquired. I have attached, like before, a standard test and a challenge test for you to choose between. First and last test of the week I promise! Please email me if you are unsure about any questions. I am happy to explain them to you!

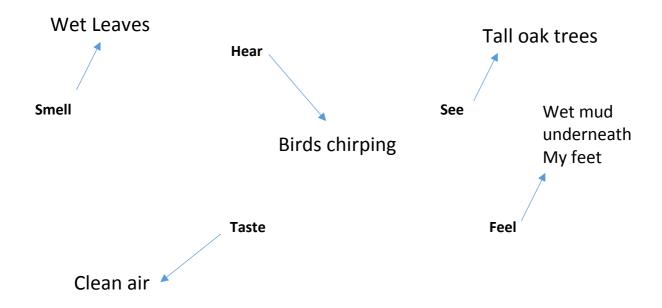
English

This week we are going to re-write the ending of the Boy in the Striped Pajamas. We will be pretending that on their second meeting at the fence, Shmuel escapes using a hole under the fence and him and Bruno run away together. Tuesday will be planning, Thursday will be writing and then Friday will be editing. You are going to be in the shoes of Shmuel during this escape and you will be running through the forest outside of the camp. Remember you have not been outside of the concentration camp in a long time and so you will be noticing all the smells, sounds and sights. His feet will also be bare so he will be able feel the ground.

Task 1

Watch this clip of Bruno running through a forest. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=srawloPM3_c

Create a mind map of all the things that **Shmuel** would hear, smell, feel, see, taste (5 senses)



Task 2 (If time)

We have done some work on personification and pathetic fallacy. This is where you attribute human emotions and actions to inanimate objects (often nature).

Write 5 sentences that include pathetic fallacy that you can put into your work. They can just be similes if you prefer. Remember the atmosphere is going to be cheerful and hopeful as Shmuel has just been freed. Make sure that is reflected in your personification.

E.g.

The flowers danced in the sunlight

The wind whistled cheerfully.

The sun shone brightly like my mother's smile.

R.E.

We celebrate Easter in many ways. Watch the video on the BBC website and do your own research to fill in the Easter Vocab sheet and the Easter Story board. See the attachment below. You can copy the tables into your home learning book.

Easter

Watch the What is Easter? film on this webpage.

www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/ztkxpv4/articles/z4t6rj6



Watch it again and this time note down any important phrases that someone might need explaining. Read through the rest of the web page. Can you explain what these words mean and what Christians think about them to someone who you are living with?

You might notice these; Good Friday, Hot cross buns, Easter, Resurrection, Son of God, Light of the world

Note to parents: This set of home learning ideas for 7-11 year olds uses the BBC Bitesize Easter pages. Children can access these pages via the link and QR code above.

Find out more

Read through the webpage one more time. You will find information about 4 important days in what Christians call **Holy Week**; Palm Sunday, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday.

Can you match the right picture to the right day on the webpage?







More resources available from RE Today and NATRE for teachers, pupils and parents at: http://www.natre.org.uk/about-natre/free-resources-for-you-and-your-pupils/

Max's Easter

I wonder how Max and his family celebrated Easter last year?

Imagine you are working for the BBC and have been asked to plan a film called Max's Easter showing what Max and his family do at home and at church to celebrate Easter.

Create a story board plan for your film idea. Draw and describe 8 scenes. Draw a scene from the film that you are planning and write one or two sentences explaining what the scene will show and teach people.

Use the Story board template on the last page to record your ideas.

Easter expert

You have now become an Easter expert. Imagine you have been asked to Choose 5 words to put in an Easter app that will help someone hearing about Easter for the first time. Fill them in on the template below.

Key Word	Definition





Max's Easter: Storyboard plan for BBC Bitesize film





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Standard Test

Year 6 Core Arithmetic Test 2



1 92 ÷ 1 =			
2 369 + 1 =	1	92 ÷ 1 =	
2 369 + 1 =			1 mark
3 456 × 0 =	2	369 + 1 =	
4 6 × 7 =			1 mark
4 6 × 7 = 1 mark 5 2845 + 728 = 5 507 - 10 = 7 716 ÷ 4 =	3	456 × 0 =	
4 6 × 7 = 1 mark 5 2845 + 728 = 5 507 - 10 = 7 716 ÷ 4 =			1 mark
5 2845 + 728 =			1 mark
5 2845 + 728 =	4	6 × 7 =	
6 507 - 10 =			1 mark
6 507 - 10 =	5	2845 + 728 =	
7 716 ÷ 4 =			1 mark
7 716 ÷ 4 =	6	507 - 10 =	
			1 mark
	7	716 ÷ 4 =	
			1 mark

8	11 × 5 × 2 =	
		1 mark
9	345 + 678 - 123 =	
		1 mark
10	$34\% = \frac{?}{100}$	
		1 mark
11	8034 - <u>4219</u>	
		1 mark
12	$0.4 = \frac{?}{100}$	
		1 mark
13	4.6 × 100 =	
		1 mark
14	2195 × <u>3</u>	
		1 mark
15	$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{12}{?}$	
	7 :	
		1 mark

16	$3\frac{5}{6}-1\frac{1}{6}=$	1 mark
17	35% of 60 =	1 mark
18	6.7 ÷ 100 =	1 mark
19	$\frac{1}{5}$ of 325 =	1 mark
20	16.4 + 7.18 =	1 mark
21	3 ³ - 3 ² =	1 mark

22	$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} =$	
		1 mark
23	0.4 × 6 =	
		1 mark
24	24)672 =	
		2 marks
		2 IIIdIKS
25	$\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{3} =$	
		1 mark
26	2195 × <u>38</u>	
		2 marks
27	$\frac{5}{6} \div 2 =$	
		1 mark
	.2 .	
28	$1\frac{2}{3} \times 4 =$	1 mark

Mark scheme

[1]

19. 65

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

22.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

[1]

[1]

[1]

179

110

900

34

3815

40

460

6585

[1]

[2]

[1]

[2]

For 1 mark: Evidence of either a long division method or short

division method with only one error (carry figures must be

seen in a short division method)

7.

8.

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12.

13.

14.

15.

[1]

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[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

17560 65860 83410

 $\frac{4}{9}$

25.

16. $2\frac{4}{6}$ or $2\frac{2}{3}$

16

[1]

An error in one row, then added correctly, or an error in the addition

For 2 marks: 83 410

2195

38

For 1 mark:

17. 21

[1]

[1]

18. 0.067

[1]

[1]

Challenge Test

1	494,009 + 10,000 + 10,000 =	
		1 mark
2	20 ?	
	$0.9 = \frac{?}{100}$	
		1 mark
	507.004 . 7.004	
3	567,621 + 7,091 =	
		1 mark
4	$7,082 \times 9 =$	
		1 mark
		1 mark
5	500,679 <u>- 299,735</u>	
	200,700	
		1 mark
		IIIIdik
6	? + 30,500 = 80,400	
		1 mark
		1 mark
7	7,643 ÷ 9 =	
		1
		1 mark
8	3,600 ÷ 4 =	
		1 mark

9	-8 - 5 =	
		4 1
		1 mark
10	$36 + 22 \times 4 =$	
		1 mark
		Tillark
11	$60 \times 90 - 80 =$	
		1 mark
	10.000	
12	48,000 ÷ 80 =	
		1 mark
13	91.37	
10	× 6	
		1 mark
14	94.37 + 8.184 =	
		1 mark
15	99,999 + 50 =	
		1
		1 mark
16	30 × 110 =	
		1 mark

17	$3^2 + 2^3 + 5^2 =$	
		1 mark
18	840,000 - 48,000 =	
		1 mark
19	60 × 900 =	
		1 mark
20	300.01 × 1000 =	
		1 mark
21	34.6 ÷ 100 =	
		1 mark
22	523.56 - 45.056 =	
		1 mark
23	957 × 86	
	<u>× 60</u>	2 marks
24	34% = ?	
	50	1 mark

25	100 - 26 ÷ 2 + 8 =	
		1 mark
26	76% of 60 =	
26	70700100	
		1 mark
27	76.2 ÷ 5 =	
		1
		1 mark
28	0.4 × 11 =	
		1 mark
29	5 7	
23	$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{7}{12} =$	
		1 mark
		1 mark
30	2,971	
	× 38	
		2 marks
31	510-	
	$\frac{5}{8} \times 12 =$	
		1 mark
32	42)5675 =	
		2 marks
		Z IIIdIKS

33	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{5} =$	1 mark
34	$\frac{7}{6} \div 2 =$	1 mark
35	$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{10} =$	1 mark
36	$2\frac{1}{3}\times3=$	1 mark
37	$3\frac{5}{6}-1\frac{1}{4}=$	1 mark

Mark scheme

- 1. 514,009

90 2. 100

3.

- 574,712
- 4. 63,738
- 5. 200,944
- 6. 49,900
- 7. 849 rem 2 or equivalent e.g. $849\frac{2}{9}$
- 8. 900
- 9. -13
- 10. 124
- 5,320
- 12. 600
- 13. 548.22
- 14. 102.554
- 15. 100,049
- 16.

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- [1]
- 3,300 [1]
- **17.** 42 [1]

- 18. 792,000

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

20. 300,010

54,000

- 0.346

19.

- 478.504
- For 2 marks: 82,302 [2]
 - For 1 mark:

82302

An error in one row, then added correctly, or an error in the addition

- 17 24. 50
- 25. 95
- 26.
- 27. 15.24
- 28.
 - - e.g. $\frac{17}{12}$

957

<u>76560</u>

[1]

- 45.6 [1]
- [1]
- 4.4 [1]
- $1\frac{5}{12}$ or equivalent [1]